International Webinar

Experiences of Separated Children in Nepal Virtual Event, November 28th & 29th, 2022

2 to 5 PM (Nepal Time) 8:15 to 11:15AM (UK Time)

Exploring the Experiences of Children Facing Parental Separation in Kathmandu: through
Practitioner's Lens
Organized by
Liverpool John Moores University, UK and

Kadambari Memorial College, School of Social Work, Kathmandu Nepal

Parental separation is an increasing issue affecting children in Nepal. Brought about by poverty, the perception of improving life opportunities, better education, changes in family relationships, migratory work patterns and more, children separated from their parents often move to a childcare home or boarding school or cities in labour work etc. Poverty affects parental choices and, in some cases, children are forced to live away from their parents to earn or live on the street or with the employee. Although UN-CRC, UN Alternative Guidelines for the Alternatives care of Children and the 2019 UN resolution have been highlighting the risks of harm associated with child separation and the importance of parental care, 1.3 million children in South Asia were found to living in institutional care, the largest in the. The recorded number of institutionalized children is 11, 350¹ in Nepal. However, many others are experiencing parental separation but are not recorded as separated children in Nepal. If these numbers were summed up, the number of children in child separation becomes significant.

The extent of parental separation and its impact on children in Nepal is unknown. Anecdotal evidence shows interruption in parental care influences children's development impacting their mental health and well-being. The Sustainable Development Goals set for the world strive for the well-being of people and the planet and include 8 goals, 35 targets and 76 indicators directly related to children. Most of these are education, health, violence, social security, mental or physical punishment, trafficking and birth registration.² All of these goals and indicators are directly related to the dynamics of child separation. Several organizations are working separately to address some of the issues these children face, focusing on child protection, education and mental health needs. However, there is limited research on this issue which could have informed the interventions more precisely.

Exploring the experiences of children facing parental separation in Kathmandu: through a practitioner's lens was designed by Liverpool John Moores University(LJMU), UK and Kadambari Memorial College (KMC), School of Social Work, Nepal and completed its study to interview practitioners working in organizations in Kathmandu, representing the first step to gaining insight into the extent of the issue and understanding the nature of children's experiences in the current situation and informing approaches and interventions to address the child protection issue related to the parental separation. The collaborative research team is led by Principle Investigator Dr Sue Kay Flowers, LJMU along with co-investigators Ms Pradipta Kadambari and Dr Nalini Lama, KMC.

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² State of children in Nepal, 2020, page 6

Join us for this two-half-day virtual seminar, learn our findings and discuss your experiences. Featuring presentations, plenaries and breakouts sessions, we are providing an engaging seminar with you as our collective efforts in leaving no child behind in achieving sustainable development goals for the children in International Webinar on it Repaired to the paraties of the pa Nepal.

Session Itinerary

S.N.	Activities	Time	
	Day one		
	Check-in and settlement	2:00 – 2:10	
1.	Welcome and introduction to Day 1 (session plan)	2:10 – 2: 20	
2	Introduction of the collaborative research project	2:20 – 2.35	
3.	What is known about separated children's experiences in Nepal?	2.35 - 2.50	
	Coffee break	2.50 - 3.00 (10 min)	
4	The experiences of separated children in Nepal -	3.00 - 3.55	
	comments	(15 minutes discussion, 20 minutes	
	Reasons of separation (Breakout room discussion)	sharing from the group, 15 minutes identifying key themes)	
5	The experiences of separated children in Nepal	3.55 - 4.45 (15 minutes discussion, 20	
	Identifying the difficulties, they face	minutes sharing from the group, 15	
	(Breakout room discussion)	minutes identifying key themes)	
6.	Main themes and closing of Day 1	4:45- 5:00	
S.N.	Activities	Time	
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7	Check-in and settlement	2.00 - 2.10	
1.	Welcome and introduction to Day 2 (session plan)	2.10 – 2.20 (10 min)	

3. What did we find? (Part 1) Findings - panel presentation and discussion Reasons why children are separated from their parents Separated children's experiences after leaving home The difficulties separated children face Discussion with participants 10 min	pal
Findings - panel presentation and discussion	20
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Separated children's experiences after leaving home The difficulties separated children face 10 min	69
The difficulties separated children face	7
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Discussion with participants 10 min 15 min	
4. What did we find? (Part 2) 3.15 - 4.0	
Findings - panel presentation and discussion	
Issues relating to birth registration and citizenship	
Government responses 10 min	
Good practice 10 min	
Discussion with participants 15 min	
Coffee break 4:00– 4:10 (10 mins)	
5 What next for future actions and research? 4.10-4.45	
(Breakout room discussion)	
6 Plenary: Bringing ideas together and closing the 4.45- 5.00	
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